To-Day

Is your last chance to buy a Man's All-Wool Suit for



Reduced in price from \$10, \$12 and \$15.

TRAVELERS' INDEX.

It's the first time a rate so low as \$2.50 for round trip, and good for so long as five days has ever been offered by this popular line.

On all trains Sept. 1, and for special fast train leaving Indianapolis Sunday, Sept. 2, 7:30 a.m., the rate will be \$2.50 for round tr.p. Tickets will be good for return on all trains to and including train leaving lineinnati 7:16 p. m., Wednesday, Sept. 5.

THE MÆNNERCHOR

And INDIANAPOLIS TURNVEREIN have chosen this occasion (and the Big Four line) to visit Cincinnati. Tickets can be procured of the members of these societies, and they respectfully ask their friends and the public to patronize them. Tickets will also be on sale at the Kankakee ticket office, corner V ashington and Meridian streets, and at the Union Depot. Cinciunati's attractions are many and of the best. The Exposition, the "Fall of Babylon," the Zoological Garden and the ever-pleasant Hill-tops. The Big Four is the shortest, the time on this road is much quicker than any other, and it lands its passengers in the heart of the city.

The next harvest excursion is Sept. 11. Kansas. Colorado, New Mexico, Wyoming, Nebras

SEE OUR SPECIAL RATES.

ka. Dakota, Minnesota and Montana at less than one-To points in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Lousi-

tana and Georgia tickets will be sold at one fare for the round trip. Sept. 11 and 25, Oct. 9 and 23. Oskaloosa, Ia., and return, \$12.05. Tickets will be sold Sept. 3 to Sept. 10, account of Iowa Yearly Meeting; good thirty days for return.

CINCINNATI DIVISION. Arrive...... 10:45am 11:45am 5:07pm 10:50pm CINCINNATI DIVISION-SUNDAY TRAINS.

For tickets, sleeping-car accommodations and all in-formation call at Union Depot or Model Ticket Office, corner Washington and Meridian streets. J. H. MARTIN, Dist. Pass. Agt.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Admiral Porter's son authorizes a definite statement that the crisis in his father's case has been safely passed, and that he is now out of

John Fillhart, aged ninety-three, hanged himself in his son's barn, at Depauville, N. Y. Thursday night. His wife has been dead for some time, but he had a happy home with his son. No cause is assigned for the act.

Ellis Kahn, a German cigar-maker, sixty-one years old, of 717 East Sixth street, New York. killed his wife yesterday, and then inflicted wounds on himself that will cause his death. He hacked himself in the abdomen, then drew the knife across his left wrist and then cut his throat. He was removed to Bellevue Hospital. where the operation of paparotomy was per-

Alexander Moore, of Denver, Col., who is charged with robbing Mrs. Tessie A. Brown of her rings, was arraigned in a new York court yesterday. Mrs. Brown was an actress, and traveled with the "Run-of-Luck" company. Moore made her acquaintance in Boston. It is said he is an electrical engineer. He says he bought the ring which he took from Mrs. Brown because she refused to go with him to Denver. He was held for examination.

Burglar Shot and Killed.

LYNN, Mass., Aug. 31 .- A burglar was shot dead this morning at 2 o'clock at the grocery store of Herry Fiske, in Cliftondale. Three burglars tried to gain entrance to the store by breaking out a panel in the front door by boring holes around it. Not succeeding in this, they went to the rear of the store and sought to enter by a window. In doing this the burglar alarm was set off, which communicated to an upper room in the building, where slept Charles Amerige, owner of the building, who had a real estate office there, and Frank Price, who roomed with him. They crossed the hall and opened the rear window. Two men were just coming out of the store. Price fired his revolver in the sir, and the burglar, who got out first, returned the shot. Then Price aimed at the second burglar and shot him through the head. He fell and never moved again. The other two burglars got away. The dead man is six feet tall and about thirty years old.

The Tropical-Fruit Trust. ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 31 .- The tropical-fruit men have combined, and consumers will be unable to get a single banana or plantain save through the courtesy of the Trust, which was organized in New Orleans this week. A few days ago a circular was sent to all the fruit men in the country calling them to a secret conference in New Orleans. It was signed by six of the largest fruit houses in that city. There a trust was formed representing combined capi-

will probably die from his injuries. tal of \$19,000,000. It will purchase the entire offerings of tropical steamers. Six million dollars have been advanced by London capitalists to build railroads in Honduras and elsewhere, so as to concentrate the fruit market at certain selected shipping points.

the southern part of the State by rain;

Time and tide wait for no man. Neither do we. We push on with

our great

WHEN INDICATIONS.

SATURDAY-Fair weather, preceded in

CUT-PRICE SALES In all departments that handle the things you need at this season of

the year. We have made great re-

HATS, FOR INSTANCE You can get a hat of us now for just as near next to nothing as was ever offered.

In Cassimeres, in thin underwear, in fancy summer shirts we have lowered the line of price 20 per cent.

The opportunity won't remain open long. Embrace it.

UNCOMMONLY SHARP SWINDLE.

Canadian Merchants Victimized by a Keen Hebrew and a Handsome Woman.

QUEBEC, Aug. 31 .- A week ago K. Schynman, a Hebrew, left this city, owing creditors sums that will aggregate nearly \$25,000. Schynman, whose real name is Harris, kept a ready-made clothing establishment on St. Joseph street, which he opened in May last. He also had a remarkably handsome French-Canadian wife. She was very lovely, and not averse to carrying on flirtations with gentlemen who patronized the clothing store, and the merchants from whom her husband bought goods. Several instances of where she had gone out to drive after goods had been delivered at the husband's store were brought to the latter's notice, but he paid no attention to the stories, merely saying that he did not blame anybody for admiring a handsome woman. If she enjoyed the tributes paid to her beauty, he was not going to make her unhappy by stopping it. Things ran on all summer in this manner, and Harris's stock and liabilities grew in equal proportions. One night a suspicious truck load of goods left the store, and were shipped to Montreal, whence, it has since been learned, they were sent somewhere in the States. Some of the creditors, who had not taken Mrs. Harris out to drive, heard of the mysterious shipment, and came down on Harris's store for payment of their bills. He held them off for a few days, and then, a week ago, suddenly disappeared with all his cash assets and half a dozen trunks full of goods. There was much excitement, and those who were not acquainted with Mrs. Harris accused her of being in league with her husband. The stock in the store was seized, and she was arrested. An examination was had, and the woman resolutely denied any knowledge of the whereabouts of Harris. She was remanded yesterday. She said she wanted to make a confession. She was brought before W. N. Campbell, the city notary. Everybody but those directly interested were excluded from the room, and then she told her story. It was to the effect hat when Harris, who is not her husband, opened the store, he told her that he would introduce her to the merchants from whom he bought his stock; that many of them had an eye for beauty, and they might firt with her; that she was to flirt in return, and if invited out, accept the invitation, and anything else that the gentlemen should suggest. In this way the merchants would be very easy with him, make large sales on long credits, and be willing to wait for payment from a man who had such a handsome and accommodating wife. Then Harris promised her, when he had banked about \$30,000, they would both run away and enjoy themselves for the rest of their lives. The woman did as she was bid, and went to innumerable suppers. Harris enjoyed excellent credit, was the envy of all the other clothing-dealers in the city, and money rolled in just as fast as he had anticipated. Then came the burst up and flight, as told above, and the woman's arrest. Her affidavit is very long, and implicates at least a dozen wholesale clothing-dealers here and in Montreal, and, wort of all, a learned and hitherto highly-respected rabbi, whose wife was present while the woman was making her deposition. There is also a prominent judge of the district implicated, and a well-known banker who discounted some of Mr. Harris's notes, which are yet unpaid. The details of the confession are the most shocking that can be imagined, and he parties implicated are moving heaven and earth to prevent their names becoming public.

be discharged and sent out of the country. THE CHINESE TREATY.

To this end they have begun proceedings under

the provincial act "to provide for the suppres-

sion of voluntary and extrajudicial oaths," and

lurch by his flight. The woman will probably

The Pekin Government Declines To Ratify Mr. Bayard's Document. LONDON, Aug. 31.-China has refused to ratify the treaty with the United States restricting the admission of Chinese subjects into the lat-

Mr. Litchman and the Knights of Labor. PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 31 .- Following close upon his declaration for Harrison and Morton and his offer to take the stump in their behalf. comes the announcement of the resignation of Charles H. Litchman as general secretary of the Knights of Labor. He mailed his letter of resignation to Master Workman Powderly today, and in it he states that he will retire from

"What has led you to resign?" asked a reporter of Mr. Litchman this afternoon. "I desire to be free to act as a citizen in this campaign. In my letter to Chairman Quay I simply uttered my own individual convictions, and no one was responsible for them but myself. At the same time I could not retain my official position in the Knights while interested politically, because it is against the principles of the order for any of its members to engage in polities on the strength of their connection. To clear myself of any such suspicion, and to preserve the fair name of the Knights, I have con-

cluded to resign.' The resignation was at once accepted, and John W. Hayes, secretary of the general executive board, has been designated by Mr. Powderly to fill the office until the General Assembly meets

in November. John W. Hayes, of the general executive board, to-night, in a talk, censured Mr. Litchman for having written his letter to Senator Quay before quitting the secretaryship. Hayes says the executive board had decided not to interfere with the campaign, but he believes the Litchman letter will have no influence upon the

A Detective Fataily Injured. Chicago, Aug. 31 .- P. W. Van Antwerp, a Cincinnati detective, was found lying at the corner of Lake and Franklin streets, about I o'clock this morning, with his skull crushed in. It was learned that Van Antwerp has been following Frank Kline, alias Julius Hueston, a notorious train robber, for several months and only found him last night at the corner of Lake and Frankin. When Van Antwerp attempted to arrest Kline the latter struck him with some blunt instrument, fracturing his skull, and made good his escape. On the 12th of July last I Van Antwerp attempted to arrest Kline in Monticello, ill, and was badly wounded by a pistol shot. Van Antwerp was taken to the county hospital, where he now lies in a critical condition, and

Drowned Her Babe and Herself.

NEW LISBON, O., Aug. 31 -Mrs. Thompson recently gave birth to a child, and her husband celebrated the event by getting intoxicated.

This so preyed upon Mrs. Thompson's mind that
she arose from her bed with the child, and, going to a small brook near the house, lay down
in the water. Mother and child were drowned.

THE PUT-IN-BAY RECEPTION

Thousands Flock to the Historic Spot and Greet the Republican Candidate. NO PAUSE

> Gen. Harrison Makes a Speech in Which Ho Gratefully Returns Thanks for the Courtesy and Hospitality Extended Him.

He Will Probably Leave Middle Bass on Monday, Reaching Home Tuesday.

A Probability that General Harrison and Me Blaine Will Meet Sometime This Month -Ben Butler on Cleveland's Message.

THE HARRISON RECEPTION.

Several Thousand People Pay Their Respects to the Republican Candidate. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

SANDUSKY, O., Aug. 31 .- General Harrison's stay at Middle Bass island is drawing to a close. He will leave for Indianapolis on Monday, and the islanders and the inhabitants of the lake shore towns gave him a parting reception today, which, though the day was stormy, and a gale blowing, making the crossing of the lake difficult, was attended by several thousand people. Ex-Governor Foster introduced General Harrison, who came over to Put-1a Bay, from Middle Bass island, about 2 c'clock. The reception of the General was hearty, and he was warmly welcomed. The grove in which he spoke, close by where Perry's men were buried, was profusely and lavishly decorated while flags and banner, one bearing the portrait of General Harrison and the motto, "Welcome to our next President." A stiff gale was blowing, washing the waves up on the shore and making it difficult to hear what General Harrison said, but the people crowded closer and closer to get the substance of his remarks. He thanked the people of the islands for the warm welcome which they had given both himself and Mrs. Harrison, and assured them that their kindness and courtesy would never be forgotten. He then turned his attention, for the space of two or three minutes, to the question of the hour-the tariff. He stated that the question was greater one than that which greeted the administration at the commencement of the great civil war. Then the question was how to raise the revenue; now the question is not only how it shall be raised, but how it shall be expended most economically. His speech was greeted and interrupted by cheers and enthusiastic shouts of "That's so," "That's the question." and at the close hundreds and thousands of people gathered around General and Mrs. Harrison to shake hands with them before their de-

Among the members of the committee ap pointed to escort General Harrison to the platform was John Brown, jr., eon of John Brown of Harper's Ferry fame, who is now living close to the village, and is a true-blue Repubican in spite of the lies in Democratic papers to the effect that he will vote the Democratic ticket this fall. This report is still circulating in Democratic papers in distant sections of the country, and loyal John Brown denies the story, and says that after thirty years' faithful service in the Republican party he will not desert it

General and Mrs. Harrison will leave on Monday afternoon on the steamer Waite. They will reach Toledo at 8 o'clock Monday evening, will be entertained while in Toledo by Wm. Cummings, and will leave on the 10:20 train, over the Wabash, Tuesday morning. They will be received at Fort Wayne, Ind., by a large delegation, and will arrive at Indianapolis Tuesday afternoon. After a fortnight's absence, General Harrison is greatly improved in health and his appearance shows it. He leaves with the good will of every man, woman and child on the island and with the hearty "God bless yous" of the club of which he has been a guest. He is now in good fighting trim for an active campaigu in Indiana.

General Harrison's Speech. To the Western Associated Press.

PUT-IN BAY, Aug. 31 .- General Harrison and party were met at the pier by John Brown, jr., the son of the famous Ossawattomie, and the press representatives, and escorted through the crowd to the pavilion in the adjacent grove. The pavilion had been tastefully decorated for the occasion. In the center was a round table will probably succeed. There is no list to be obtained of the creditors whom Harris left in the draped with bunting, on which stood a beautiful floral pyramid of oleanders, roses and daises, from the top of which floated a miniature flag. Arriving at the pavilion, the ceremonies were of an informal character. John Brown, jr., arose and briefly aunounced that ex-Gov. Charles Foster would act as master of ceremonies, and introduced that gentleman, who spoke as fol-

"Fellow-citizens-General Harrison came to Middle Bass for the purpose of rest and quiet. At the solicitation of a number of people of this section of the country-a great number, I might say-he has kindly consented to give a reception here to-day, upon one condition, that he was not to make a speech. Now, fellow-citizens, I have the very great pleasure of presenting to you General Benjamin Harrison, the Republican candidate for the presidency." [Applause.]

As Governor Foster concluded his remarks General Harrison arose midst a shout of welcome from the large audience, and tossing his hat on the table, mounted the board seat gurrounding the pavilion, and, looking fresh and vigorous-yet with his usual pallor of countenance-he spoke as follows:

"My Friends-I have found Governor Foster to be a very agreeable and thoughtful host, and I find him to-day to be the most agreeable master of ceremonies who has ever attended me at a public reception. I like his announcement of the condition under which I appear before you to-day. I never enjoyed the banquet when my name was on the programme for a toast. I do not, therefore, intend to speak to you about any of those questions that are engaging your minds as citizens of this prosperous, and mighty, and happy Nation. We are here to-day as Americans, proud of the flag that symbolizes this great union of States; proud of the story that has been written by our fathers in council and in war, in the formation, and defense, and perpetuation of our magnificent institutions. We are here in the immediate neighborhood of one of those great historical events that was among the most potential agencies in settling our title to the great Northwest. If we had stood where we stand to-day we could have heard the guns of Perry's fleet. If we had stood where we stand to-day we could have welcomed him as he came a victor into Put-in Bay. These institutions of ours are in our own keeping now; and not only our fundamental institutions. but the fame that has been won by those who have gone before. I may therefore properly say to-day that a campaign like this demands the thoughtful consideration of every American voter. We are prosperous. [Cheers.] The story of our prosperity, of our development in wealth, of our achievements in finance as a nation since and during the war, is almost as notable and almost as admirable as that of our achievements in arms. The assembling of our revenue was even more difficult than the assembling of armies, and yet we were able to maintain those armies in the field, and have been able since not only to bear up the

great load of debt, but to pay it off.

our industries has come to be in our hands but

as the ball the boy tosses in play. [Cheers.]

be a burden that would crush

is an easier problem than that which confronted the great war Secretary in whose name you so the great war Secretary in whose name you so delight—how to raise revenue to prosecute the war successfully. It will be wisely solved. And may I note also the fact that notwithstanding this complaint of excessive revenue, there are some who suggest that they are not able adequately to arouse the popular indignation against excessive taxation because they cannot disclose to the people when or how they are paying the taxas? [Applause.] how they are paying the taxes? [Applause.] It is taken, they say, so indirectly and so subtly that these—our plain people—don't know that they are paying them at all. [Applause.] But I must not cross this line of party discussion. I have had a pleasant stay in this most delightful neighborhood, and I cannot let this public opportunity pass without expressing for myself and for Mrs. Harrison our grateful appreciation of the kind and thoughtful hospitality which has been shown to us by the people of these islands." [Prolonged applause.]

At the conclusion of the General's address he took a position on the steps of the pavilion and Governor Foster announced that all who wished to meet General Harsison personally, could have the opportunity. The crowd passed before the General, shaking his hands vigorously. At the opposite end of the steps stood Governor Foster, and many also stopped and shook his hand.

General Harrison exhibited his exuberance of spirit by the cordiality of his greetings. Among the first to take his hand was a tall, portly woman who grabbed his hand and hanging on, with a look of regret, said: "General, I only wish I was a man so I could vote for you." The taciturn candidate responded with a smile, a look of gratitude and an extra squeeze of her big, generous hand. Toward the last of the line came an old lady bending under the weight of fully seventy years, who shrilly declared to the General, as he grasped her wrinkkled hand, that she had voted twice for his grandfather. As the crowd began to thin out the autograph

fiend made his appearance and requested the General's signature. Immediately eyeryone around seemed possessed of the same desire, and cards were shoved at the General faster than he could write. At this juncture the warning whistles from the sevsteamboats came to the General and the crowd scattering pell mell their respective boats, and by 3 o'clock the visitors had nearly all taken their departure. Meantime a stiff north breeze bad sprung up, rendering the homeward passage very rough and weary to the inexperienced. General Harrison and his party returned to Middle Bass early in the evening. Both the General and Mrs. Harrison express themselves

tention to start for home Monday next, but the start may be delayed until Tuesday. Due notice of the time and route will be given.

as delighted with their vacation, and both plain-

ly show the banefit derived from their rest and

exposure. It is General Harrison's present in-

They Will Likely Meet in New York Some Time During the Present Month. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

HARRISON AND BLAINE.

New York, Aug. 31 .- State Chairman John M. Knapp, of New York, Garrett A. Hobart, of New Jersey, George A. Hopkins, of Minnesots, Henry C. Payne, of Michigan, and Erastus S. Day, of Connecticut, met national committeemen Dudley, Clarkson, Michener and Fassett to-day, to arrange the speaking campaign. The meeting was held in Mr. Clarkson's room in the Everett House, the vice-chairman being still unable to leave the hotel because of an injury to his ankle. There are over 200 speakers on the list, all prominent and able man, and it was a delicate task to assign them to the States where their services will do the most good. It was accomplished, however, satisfactorily to all. New York got the lion's share, and before the campaign is over many brilliant orators will be heard in this State. General Harrison and Mr. Maine will probably come together in this city some time next month. Congressman Mc-Kinley and other celebrated Western speakers, and statesmen will also be heard in this State. Some of the best crators in the Republican party will speak in Connecticut and Indiana, and later on in New Jersey and other States. Mr. Clarkson has received many letters from distinguished Republicans offering their services, and has been able to form a long list of speakers. The Hon. Samuel Fessenden, of Connecticut, was at headquarters to-day, and reported a very encouraging outlook in his State. He said: "The Republicans have been engaged in organizing for the campaign, and with marked success. We are being confronted, though, by the most reckless and corrupt opposition. The Democrats are not stopping at anything, and intend to try and carry the State with boodle influence. Their leaders are old-stagers, perfect adepts in the art of chicanery, and have to fight them at every point. Ex-Senator Barnum will do all he can to carry the State for the Democrate. It my opinion the Republican tide is too strong to be turned by the corrupt methods of our oppo pents. The people are enlisted in the cause of protection, and will repudiate free trade by a good majority in November. It is a battle for prosperity against the pauper wages of Europe that will be introduced here, and the sensible people of Connecticut intend to vote for the

welfare of their country." Mr. C. W. Fairbanks to Speak in New York,

Special to the Indianapolis Journat. NEW YORK, Aug. 31 .- Mr. C. W. Fairbanks, of Indianapolis, has been invited to deliver an oration at the assembly-room of the Republican club, on Fifth avenue to-morrow evening. Secretary Gleason waited on Mr. Fairbanks to-day at the Fifth-avenue Hotel and extended the invitation. In reply Mr. Fairbanks said if he could possibly remain over to-morrow be would accept the invitation. His subject will be, "The Triumph of Republicanism,"

GENERAL BUTLER.

He Thinks the President's Free-Trade Mes

sage the Result of Ignorance. Boston, Aug. 31 .- Gen. Benj. F. Butler, this evening, addressed a large audience in Tremont Temple upon the tariff and fisheries questions. Theoretically, he said, free trade between all nations, as between all men, is correct in principle; that is, if all nations in all things were exactly on the same footing. But such conditions of equality cannot exist among nations, and, therefore, all theories upon the question of free trade become useless. Said General Butler:

"I cite the President on my side as against free trade; but I must confess, at the same time, that the President seems to try to get as near being a free-trader as a can. I believe if he had observed and known, as I know, how much a protective tariff has done for American workingmen, his tariff message would never have been penned. It is not his fault, but the laboring man's misfortune, that he did not know the fact." The speaker declared his opinion that during the late war we owed to the efforts of the protective tariff the means which upheld the unity of the people, the consolidation of our government, the glory of our achievements and the military power of our country, and added: "Is it not a matter of remark that the attempted destruction of our protective system comes from those who did not defend the life of the country during that war, and the majority of them mourn the 'cause' which the protective tariff caused to be 'lost' to them!"

General Butler attacked the Mills bill, and said the question now plainly before the people is, which will the people of this country sustain in carrying on our business-the system of the fathers, under which we so greatly prospered, or will they adopt a new experiment, which shall put every financial and industrial question upon a new basis, and introduce a change in the industries of the farm, the mill and the workshop, and that, too, upon a plan so prepared as to exactly suit our commercial rival and enemy,

General Butler then turned to the fisheries question, touching upon various treaties that had been in force between the United States and Great Britain. He said: "I agree with the President that the bill giv-

ing him the power of retaliation was a poor bill, unworthy of the dignity of the United States government, and if he had vetoed it on that ground I should have been quite inclined to support him. My criticism of the bill is that is that which was once thought contained enactments in regard to keeping vessels and goods of Canadians in the British Dominion of North America out of any ports. When we learn that in these North American And we are confronted to-day with the question | British possessions our vessels are kept out not how shall we get money, but how shall we of port, pray why don't the United States take wisely stop some of those avenues by which the bull by the horns—even if his first wealth is pouring into our public treasury. It name is John—and give the President the

power and the right, whenever he finds that a single vessel, however small, is kept out of any British port, or anywhere unlawfully, to keep out of the ports of the United States every British vessel, however great, until that wrong shall be redressed? Retaliate the wrongs done to fishermen by Canadians by action against the Cunard steamships sailing under the ensign of the British government, and the thing will be brought to an end. The first question springs up to lip is, 'Is the President in earnest?' If yes, let him enforce the retaliation for outrages by the power he has had since March, 1887. If he will do that, he will show that his paper is the message of a statesman, and not of a campaigner on the stump."

MR. BLAINE ON TRUSTS.

They Have Not Grown Up Under National

Patronage, and Are Not National Issues. Dover, Me., Aug. 31 .- Hon. James G. Blaine spoke at Foxcraft this afternoon. In opening, he proceeded at once to a consideration of trusts, charging that they flourished to a greater extent under the free-trade policy of England than under the protection policy of the United States. He cited authorities for his statement. Of American trusts, he said, there is not one among them all that derives its being, owes its organization, or came up under the patronage of the national government. Every one derives whatever sanction of law it possesses from a State government-generally one State, but sometimes several. The President, therefore, certainly should have known, when he arraigned trusts in his message to Congress, that Congress could not dissolve them when their charters were from State Legislatures, or their organizations under State laws. It had been confessed by the Democratic House ways and means committee, by Chairman Mills, and every man that stood as an advocate of free trade, that trusts had no possible legal connection with the tariff. The President's charge that trusts had their own origin in the protective tariff has not a foot of ground to stand upon, and was contradicted in every line of the free-trade experience the speaker had quoted from England. Now, when all chance to investigate the alleged bribery by which a certain United States Senator, connected with one the largest trusts, was charged with obtaining his seat, is past and cone, the Democratic papers can make a loud howl about trusts. There was a Democratic opportunity to get the true inwardness of trusts, and both outside and inside the administration they were determined to have no investigation. Trusts have no place in the national campaign. They are State issues. and the Republicans of Maine, at least, can be depended upon to look after those in their own

DISASTROUS CLOUDBURST.

Hot Springs Deluged with Water-Six Lives Lost and Heavy Damage Inflicted.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 31 .- The Gazette's Hot Springs (Ark.) special says: To-day is an epoch in the history of Hot Springs. The city ie gutted. Ruin and wreck meet the vision everywhere, and nothing like it has ever been known to compare with the results of last night's storm, which occurred too late to be telegraphed. It was a water-spout, and the valley was swept with a mighty tidal wave. The loss to property is fearful, while the sacrifice of human life is, under the circumstances, appalling. Swift and terrible was the visitation. Without warning people were awakened from slumber to find themselves threatened with destruction by mad waves. Strange to relate, few people were conscious of the horrible disaster till they awoke look upon the desolate scenes this morning, and drag the drowned from the drifts. The storm struck town about 11 o'clock last night from a northwesterly direction. It was accompanied by a stiff, cool wird, though not strong enough to produce damage. Rain fell in torrents from 11 to 1 without intermission or cessation. those who were up and wit nessed the awful scene describe it as one never equaled in their experience. The vivid flashes of lightning displayed, it were, great sheets of falling water. At the close of the storm a great and ominous sound mingled with shouts of people and cries of distress, went up from the valley, and such citizens as were in the vicinity of the creek and ravines went forth to render assistance. The flood on Central avenue, the principal thoroughfare, assumed the proportions of an angry river, whose rushing tide swept everything movable on its bosom. For over half an hour the avenue was transformed into a torrent fifty yards wide. Barrels, boxes and parts of houses came down on the tide and were left strewn on the sidewalks. Several hotels were flooded to the depth of four feet with murky water, and many buildings were totally wrecked. Up to this hour six persons are known to be missing, five of whom have been found dead in wrecked buildings. The damage to property is estimated at \$100,000.

George W. Brown, of Lancaster, Pa., and C. H. Coolidge, of Cincinnati, have just arrived here from Hot Springs, and say that the desolation is beyond description. They report thirteen people drowned. Nine bodies have been recovered, and inquests have been held on four. The lost are mostly colored people. Owing o the despair and confusion, they could no learn the names of the drowned or the amount of damage done. Houses all along the central street are badly undermined, and those damaged will have to be rebuilt. The telegraph wires are broken and it is impossible to get further particulars.

A Novel Vacation Journey.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31 .- W. R. H. Martin, one of the largest clothing merchants of New York. left to-day for Portland, Me., where he will meet his wife and son. Mr. Martin has mapped out an elaborate programme for the homeward | here at 2 o'clock on his way to his home to journey. He has shipped per steamboat his three handsome, high-stepping bays, his Irish dog cart, rich in design and unique in compactness, together with his coachman, John. When Mr. Martin assumes control of the reins John will display his skill in winding the resonant horn, upon which he is an accomplished per-

Mr. Martin proposes to drive from Portland Me., back to New York in his jaunty dog cart and his handsome equipage is well fitted for the long journey. The trip will be made by easy stages, not exceeding twenty-five to thirty miles a day, and he will drive a spike team. Mrs. Martin will occupy the seat beside her husband. while young Mr. Martin and John will hold on tight to the seat behind when the spike team rushes up hill and dashes down valley on the 400-mile journey homeward.

Barbarism in Georgia.

COLUMBUS, Ga., Aug. 31 .- At the Central camp-meeting, near Geneva, Wednesday, Miss Martha Green lost \$700 in gold and greenbacks. A colored woman, Harriet Davis, is one of the three negroes who are under arrest on suspicion. While Harriet was in charge of D puty Sheriff Richards a crowd of masked men compelled him to surrender her, and, taking her to a pine thicket near the camp ground, they tied her up and administered a most fearful beating with the lash to extort from her a confession of the theft. After this cruel treatment, the girl protesting her innocence, she was returned to the hands of the sheriff, who lodged her in jail with the other suspected negroes. The affair has caused no little excitement.

Grover Almost Shipwrecked.

LYNCHBURG, Va., Aug. 31.-President Cleveland and party are at Eagle Rock. They have had splendid luck at bass fishing, having caught over 100. Large crowds of people from the neighboring counties gathered to shake the President's band. He has created great enthusiasm among the people by his unaffected cordiality. He will leave for Washington to-night. A special to the Advance says: "President Cleveland and party had a gala day yesterday, fishing just above Jackson, Botetourt county. The President alone caught twenty-five bass. His boat was caught in the rapids, and but for the efforts of the party he would have been shipwrecked. The President is highly pleased with his trip to

The Irish League Is Non-Political. LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 31-The following dispatch, enforcing the doctrine of non-interference

in American politics, was sent from beadquarters of the Irish National League, to-day: To Daniel Linehan, President Central Branch I. N. Understanding from St. Louis papers that a demon-

spices of the Central Branch, at which American polities will be discussed by Republican and Democratic speakers, President Fitzgerald directs me to inform you that such a departure from the non-political course of the Irish National League, if carried out, will compel the executive to cancel the charter of the Central Branch.

JOHN P. SUTTON, Socretary, L N. L. A.

GENERAL HOVEY'S CAMPAIGN

A Railway Delay P. rents the Carrying Out of the Proposed Programme,

But the General Utili Interviewer and Talks Through the rnal, Expressing Himself as Conndent of Success.

He Will Reach His Mount Vernon Home To-Day in Time for the Reception.

Reports from Various Parts of the State Containing Information as to How Republican Orators Are Doing Their Work.

GEN. HOVEY.

He Feels Certain of Success in November-The Attitude of the Soldiers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journas CINCINNATI, Aug. 31.-General Hovey, Republican candidate for Governor et Indiana, was in the city to-day, en route for Vincennes and Mt. Vernon, but missed his train. Areporter saw him at the news stand, in the Union

Depot, buying a Journal. "I am well posted as to all the details of Indiana politics," said the General; "I have been in Washington, and my information as to the situation is derived principally from correspondence. I shall run up to Indianapolis and have a talk with Mr. Huston."

"Candidly, do you think that Indiana will give a Republican majority next fall?" "Candidly, I do; the old soldiers will settle

the business. There are some 74,000 soldiers in Indians, of whom about one third have been voting the Democratic ticket. A great majority will vote the Republican ticket and elect it. I tell you, every time an old soldier votes for a Democrat he votes against himself; he is voting money out of his pocket. The Democratic party, as a party, dominated as it is by ex-confederates, refuses to do anything for Union soldiers. They have taken a positive stand agains! them. Yesterday we had that Oklahoma bill up before us, and a Republican member of the House introduced an amendment giving to all ex-soldiers the right to a quarter section of land without pay. A vote was taken on the amend ment. Every Republican voted for, every Demo crat voted against. That's the way the ex-confederates are using their late opponents on the battle-field. Then, I think that the perple ought to more clearly understand President Cleveland's vetoes. When an ex-soldier makes application for a pension he must furnish more testimony in support of his claim than is required law to convict a man of murder the first degree. If be is undo that, a special pension bill is prepared and introduced into Congress, is referred to a committee, then to a sub-committee, and after being fully investigated by both, is re ported to the House. If meritorious, it is passed and sent to the Senate, where it is subjected to further scrutiny, and passed, if deemed a proper bill. Now, after all that, President Cleveland who refers those bills to one of Black's clerks, vetoes the bill, and literally eavs to the House and Senate, 'You are liars.' But, as I said before, the South controls the government, and Northern Democrats, even if not disposed, have to do as they are told. The whip of the Damocratic party is relentless. Congressman Sowden, of Pennsylvania, was knocked out by Cleveland, whom he had the temerity to oppose. Cleveland is a party boss of the most pronounced type. Congressman Matson, my opponeut, is sub-committeeman for Indiana, to whom pensions are referred, and he has in his pocket three hundred bills which he refuses to report, though I am informed almost every one is absolutely good."

The Greeting at North Vernon. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

NORTH VERNON, Aug. 31 .- General Hovey received a great ovation here to-night. Hundreds were unable to enter the hall, it becoming densely packed long before the hour of meeting. The General was introduced by Hon. John Overmyer, and spoke half an hour, emphasizing the claims of the Union soldiers, and demonstrating that the Democratic party in Congress and Grover Cleveland in the White House were preventing the passage of just pension laws. He also spoke upon the tariff and other pending issues. He was enthusiastically applauded, and made a fine impression in his social intercourse with the people. General Hovey was followed by Hon. J. W. Linck, M. D. Wilson and M. C. Garber, of Madison. This is the third meeting General Hovey has had to-day, and he will hold

The General was telegraphed by Lawrence

burg. Aurora. North Vernon and Seymour to

stop and speak and meet the citizens. Immense

Porter and Nelson at Vincennes.

crowds greeted him at all these points.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. VINCENNES, Aug. 31 .- An impromptu Repub lican meeting was held at Vincennes this afternoon. Gen. Hovey, Republican candidate for Governor, had telegraphed that he would be Mount Vernon, Ind. Although only twentyfour hours was given the Republicans to get the people together, yet the crowd that assembled was tremendous. The court-house was filled to overflowing, and three or four times as many were unable to get into the building. When the train arrived Gen. Hovey did not put in an appearance, as his train was two hours late in reaching Cincinnati. There were great crowds awaiting him all along the line of the Ohio and Mississippi railroad-at Lawrenceburg, Autora; North Vernon, Seymour, Mitchell, Shoals, Washington and Vincennes-and great was the disappointment of these thousands of admirers of the Republican leader. Here in Vincennes. however, the people were well entertained, as ex-Gov. Porter and Hon. Thomas H. Nelson were present to join Gen. Hovey, and addresses were delivered that delighted the audience. Gov. Porter goes to-night to Mount Vernon, where Gen. Hovey will receive an ovation rare ly equaled in the West.

THE STATE CANVASS. Republican Day at the Case County Fats

Brings Out Some Good Speeches.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal LOGANSPORT, Aug. 31 .- To-day was Republican day at the Cass county fair, and the crowd was estimated at from 10,000 to 12,000. Hon. Ira J. Chase, candidate for Lieutenant-governor, poured hot shot into Democracy for two hours. His speech was punctuated with round after round of applause. In the evening the Hon. W. D. Owen, Congressman from this (the Tenth) district, and Hon. Chas. F. Griffin, candidate for Secretary of State, both delivered effective speeches. Mr. Owen received a flattering ovation. He made a brilliant speech, in which ha tore Hon. C. C. Matson's sham pension cloak to shreds. It was a keen, polished, logical speech, with no abuse or harsh expression. It is pronounced one of the best political speeches ever made in Cass county. Mr. Owen has won the esteem and confidence of his constituents, and will be returned to his seat in Congress by a large majority. After the speaking at the rink the U. S. Grant Club of the Lincoln League was organized, with a charter membership of over two hundred. E. N. Talbott was elected presi-

Soldiers' Entertainment. Special to the Indianapolis Journay

dent and Chas. F. Rauch secretary.

GREENCASTLE, Aug. 31 .- The Republican soldiers of this city and county have formed a Harrison and Hovey Veteran Association, and to-morrow the members residing in this city will give to all soldiers of the county a free dinner, irrespective of political affiliations. Extensive preparations have been made, and every soldier of the county is expected to be in attendance. A splendid programme has been arranged, and Hon. H. C. Duncan, of Bloomington, candidate for Congress in this, the Fifth district, will ad-

dress the people. Companies and battalions